

TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.



資誠

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR21000038

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, as well as the statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, and the reports of other auditors, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

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資誠

Other matter

As explained in Note 6(6), we did not review the financial statements of certain investments accounted for using equity method which were reviewed by other auditors. Therefore, our report expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in respect of these investees, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The balance of these investments accounted for using equity method amounted to NT\$70,255 thousand and NT\$66,814 thousand, constituting 2.35% and 2.94% of the consolidated total assets as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and the comprehensive (loss) income recognised from investees accounted for using equity method amounted to NT\$226 thousand, NT\$910 thousand, NT(\$652) thousand and NT(\$2,052) thousand, constituting 0.07%, 0.79%, (0.12%) and 1.33% of the consolidated total comprehensive (loss) income for the three months and six months then ended, respectively.

Huang, Shih Chun

Huang, Shih Chun

Yeh Tsai Miao

Yeh, Tsai Miao

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

August 6, 2021

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the review of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

Assets	Notes	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 228,192	7	\$ 430,751	18	\$ 193,811	9
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)						
	through profit or loss - current		125	-	-	-	267,500	12
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4)	445,351	15	337,731	14	228,652	10
1180	Accounts receivable - related	6(4)						
	parties		68	-	-	-	1,497	-
1200	Other receivables	6(3)	207,251	7	7,741	1	6,247	-
1220	Current income tax assets	6(20)	-	-	2,887	-	3,144	-
130X	Inventories, net	6(5)	183,471	6	148,975	6	146,519	7
1410	Prepayments	7(2)	56,259	2	45,914	2	52,030	2
11XX	Current Assets		<u>1,120,717</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>973,999</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>899,400</u>	<u>40</u>
Non-current assets								
1517	Financial assets at fair value	6(3)						
	through other comprehensive							
	income - non - current		1,722,735	58	1,253,306	53	1,211,125	53
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(6)						
	the equity method		70,255	2	70,907	3	66,814	3
1600	Property, plant and equipment, net	6(7)	31,733	1	25,175	1	26,992	1
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8)	24,000	1	25,582	1	36,719	2
1780	Intangible assets		3,081	-	3,799	-	5,387	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets		16,291	1	17,769	1	16,113	1
1900	Other non-current assets		4,858	-	7,104	-	6,827	-
15XX	Non-current assets		<u>1,872,953</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>1,403,642</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>1,369,977</u>	<u>60</u>
1XXX	Total assets		<u>\$ 2,993,670</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,377,641</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,269,377</u>	<u>100</u>

(Continued)

TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

Liabilities and Equity	Notes	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020		
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	
Current liabilities								
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(9)	\$ 150,000	5	\$ 150,000	6	\$ 150,000	6
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	6(2)	-	-	1,288	-	670	-
2130	Contract liabilities - current	6(15)	38,949	1	31,743	1	37,352	2
2170	Accounts payable		395,209	13	298,063	13	189,455	8
2180	Accounts payable - related parties	7(2)	54	-	52	-	5,581	-
2200	Other payables	6(10) and 7(2)	102,076	4	116,241	5	198,968	9
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(20)	9,066	-	621	-	621	-
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(12)	23,170	1	23,117	1	23,140	1
2280	Current lease liabilities	7(2)	17,530	1	12,965	1	18,531	1
2300	Other current liabilities		<u>2,022</u>	-	<u>2,178</u>	-	<u>2,411</u>	-
21XX	Current Liabilities		<u>738,076</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>636,268</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>626,729</u>	<u>27</u>
Non-current liabilities								
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	7(2)	6,704	-	12,868	-	18,426	1
2600	Other non-current liabilities		<u>19,229</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>27,455</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>21,418</u>	<u>1</u>
25XX	Non-current liabilities		<u>25,933</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>40,323</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>39,844</u>	<u>2</u>
2XXX	Total Liabilities		<u>764,009</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>676,591</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>666,573</u>	<u>29</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the parent								
Share capital								
3110	Share capital - common stock	6(13)	1,125,365	37	1,125,365	47	1,125,365	50
Capital surplus								
3200	Capital surplus		55	-	55	-	55	-
Retained earnings								
3310	Legal reserve	6(14)	377,261	13	377,261	16	377,261	17
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		307,671	10	141,189	6	90,769	4
Other equity interest								
3400	Other equity interest		<u>419,309</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>57,180</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>9,354</u>	-
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of the parent		<u>2,229,661</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>1,701,050</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>1,602,804</u>	<u>71</u>
3XXX	Total equity		<u>2,229,661</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>1,701,050</u>	<u>72</u>	<u>1,602,804</u>	<u>71</u>
Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments								
Significant events after the balance sheet date								
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$ 2,993,670</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,377,641</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 2,269,377</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)
(UNAUDITED)

Items	Notes	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30					
		2021		2020		2021		2020			
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%		
4000	Operating revenues	6(15) and 7(2)		\$ 480,866	100	\$ 270,654	100	\$ 933,636	100	\$ 488,002	100
5000	Operating costs	6(5)(18) and 7(2)		(395,140)	(82)	(213,177)	(79)	(770,293)	(82)	(397,318)	(81)
5900	Net operating margin			85,726	18	57,477	21	163,343	18	90,684	19
	Operating expenses	6(18) and 7(2)									
6100	Selling expenses			(11,853)	(3)	(13,056)	(5)	(22,518)	(3)	(26,542)	(5)
6200	General and administrative expenses			(34,544)	(7)	(34,393)	(12)	(66,593)	(7)	(72,797)	(15)
6300	Research and development expenses			(30,009)	(6)	(29,266)	(11)	(59,165)	(6)	(57,506)	(12)
6450	Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)		(5)	-	(56)	-	(54)	-	9	-
6000	Total operating expenses			(76,411)	(16)	(76,771)	(28)	(148,330)	(16)	(156,836)	(32)
6900	Operating profit (loss)			9,315	2	(19,294)	(7)	15,013	2	(66,152)	(13)
	Non-operating income and expenses										
7100	Interest income			77	-	68	-	1,060	-	1,350	-
7010	Other income			2,042	-	432	-	4,866	-	1,148	-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(16)		(3,800)	(1)	14,667	5	(3,179)	-	14,966	3
7050	Finance costs	6(17) and 7(2)		(807)	-	(926)	-	(1,354)	-	(1,046)	-
7060	Share of profit/(loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method	6(6)		226	-	910	-	(703)	-	(2,052)	-
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses			(2,262)	(1)	15,151	5	690	-	14,366	3
7900	Profit (loss) before income tax			7,053	1	(4,143)	(2)	15,703	2	(51,786)	(10)
7950	Income tax (expense) benefit	6(20)		(304)	-	412	-	(2,786)	-	(3,305)	(1)
8200	Profit (loss) for the year			\$ 6,749	1	(\$ 3,731)	(2)	\$ 12,917	2	(\$ 55,091)	(11)

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TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)
(UNAUDITED)

Items	Notes	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
		2021		2020		2021		2020	
		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
Other comprehensive income (loss)									
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
8316	Unrealized gain (loss) on valuation of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)							
		\$ 331,898	69	\$ 120,432	45	\$ 526,619	56	(\$ 95,911)	(20)
8320	Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method, components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(6)							
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(20)				51	-	-	-
		(9,066)	(2)	-	-	(9,066)	(1)	-	-
8310	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss								
		322,832	67	120,432	45	517,604	55	(95,911)	(20)
Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss									
8361	Financial statement translation differences of foreign operations								
		(956)	-	(2,140)	(1)	(1,910)	-	(3,735)	(1)
8360	Components of other comprehensive loss that will be reclassified to profit or loss								
		(956)	-	(2,140)	(1)	(1,910)	-	(3,735)	(1)
8300	Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the period								
		\$ 321,876	67	\$ 118,292	44	\$ 515,694	55	(\$ 99,646)	(21)
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period								
		\$ 328,625	68	\$ 114,561	42	\$ 528,611	57	(\$ 154,737)	(32)
Profit (loss) attributable to:									
8610	Owners of the parent								
		\$ 6,749	1	(\$ 3,731)	(2)	\$ 12,917	2	(\$ 55,091)	(11)
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:									
8710	Owners of the parent								
		\$ 328,625	68	\$ 114,561	42	\$ 528,611	57	(\$ 154,737)	(32)
9750	Basic earnings per share	6(21)							
		\$ 0.06		(\$ 0.03)		\$ 0.11		(\$ 0.49)	
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(21)							
		\$ 0.06		(\$ 0.03)		\$ 0.11		(\$ 0.49)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	Equity attributable to owners of the parent								
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Changes in equity of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	Retained earnings			Other equity interest		Total equity
				Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealised gain or loss on valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	
Six months ended June 30, 2020									
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$ 1,125,365	\$ 55	\$ 372,303	\$ 19,774	\$ 180,560	(\$ 9,669)	\$ 118,669	\$ 1,807,057
Loss for the period		-	-	-	-	(55,091)	-	-	(55,091)
Other comprehensive loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	(3,735)	(95,911)	(99,646)
Total comprehensive loss		-	-	-	-	(55,091)	(3,735)	(95,911)	(154,737)
Appropriation and distribution of 2019 retained earnings	6(14)								
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-	4,958	-	(4,958)	-	-	-
Special reserve reversed		-	-	-	(19,774)	19,774	-	-	-
Cash dividends from retained earnings		-	-	-	-	(49,516)	-	-	(49,516)
Balance at June 30, 2020		<u>\$ 1,125,365</u>	<u>\$ 55</u>	<u>\$ 377,261</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 90,769</u>	<u>(\$ 13,404)</u>	<u>\$ 22,758</u>	<u>\$ 1,602,804</u>
Six months ended June 30, 2021									
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 1,125,365	\$ 55	\$ 377,261	\$ -	\$ 141,189	(\$ 7,759)	\$ 64,939	\$ 1,701,050
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	12,917	-	-	12,917
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	-	(1,910)	517,604	515,694
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	12,917	(1,910)	517,604	528,611
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)	-	-	-	-	153,565	-	(153,565)	-
Balance at June 30, 2021		<u>\$ 1,125,365</u>	<u>\$ 55</u>	<u>\$ 377,261</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 307,671</u>	<u>(\$ 9,669)</u>	<u>\$ 428,978</u>	<u>\$ 2,229,661</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	Notes	Six months ended June 30	
		2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit (loss) before tax		\$ 15,703	(\$ 51,786)
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Depreciation	6(18)	16,979	19,965
Amortization	6(18)	1,755	2,950
Net income on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6(16)	(4,162)	(18,134)
Expected credit (profit) loss	12(2)	54	(9)
Share of (profit) loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method	6(6)	703	2,052
Loss (profit) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(16)	50	-
Accrued product warranty provision	6(12)	63	64
Interest expense	6(17)	1,354	1,046
Interest income		(1,060)	(1,350)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		2,749	(138,290)
Accounts receivable		(107,674)	177,435
Accounts receivable-related parties		(68)	(1,498)
Other receivables		6,081	(2,057)
Inventories		(34,496)	1,774
Prepayments		(20,345)	(9,085)
Other non-current assets		23	(1,138)
Changes in operating liabilities			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		-	3,487
Contract liabilities-current		7,206	(32,992)
Accounts payable		97,146	(144,540)
Accounts payable - related parties		2	2,813
Other payables		(17,003)	(28,112)
Provisions-current		(10)	31
Other current liabilities		(156)	315
Other non-current liabilities		(8,226)	(932)
Cash outflow generated from operations		(43,332)	(218,053)
Interest received		1,060	1,350
Interest paid		(1,354)	(1,046)
Income tax refund received		2,887	-
Income tax paid		(1,929)	(2,912)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(42,668)	(220,661)

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TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(UNAUDITED)

	Notes	Six months ended June 30	
		2021	2020
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Decrease (increase) in prepayments	7(2)	\$ 10,000	(\$ 10,000)
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)	(148,401)	(238,313)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(22)	(7,737)	(2,025)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(1,018)	-
Decrease in refundable deposits		(98)	(295)
Increase in prepayments for business facilities		(748)	(724)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(148,002)	(251,357)
<u>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</u>			
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(23)	130,000	250,000
Repayment of short-term borrowings	6(23)	(130,000)	(100,000)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	6(23)	(10,395)	(7,459)
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(10,395)	142,541
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(1,494)	(3,177)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(202,559)	(332,654)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		430,751	526,465
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		<u>\$ 228,192</u>	<u>\$ 193,811</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TECO IMAGE SYSTEMS CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

(UNAUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

(1) Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. (the “Company”) was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C) on September 8, 1997 and has begun its operations in the same year. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the “Group”) are primarily engaged in designing, manufacturing and trading of multi-function printers, fax machines, scanner, etc.

(2) The Company’s shares have been listed on the Taipei Exchange since June 2000.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 6, 2021.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”)

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 4, ‘Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9’	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, ‘Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2’	January 1, 2021
Amendment to IFRS 16, ‘Covid-19-related rent concessions beyond 30 June 2021’	April 1, 2021(Note)

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 cycle	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023

<u>New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments</u>	<u>Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board</u>
Amendments to IAS 1, ‘Disclosure of accounting policies’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, ‘Definition of accounting estimates’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, ‘Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction’	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s financial condition and financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
- (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (c) Defined benefit liabilities recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the “IFRSs”) requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements

- (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership (%)			Description
			June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	
The Company	Atlas Tech Investment Co., Ltd. (Atlas)	Professional investment company	100	100	100	-
Atlas	All-In-One International Co., Ltd. (AIO)	Professional investment company	100	100	100	-
Atlas	Image Systems International Limited (ISI)	Professional investment company	100	100	100	-
Atlas	Teco Pro-Systems (JiangXi) Co., Ltd.	Research, development, manufacturing and sales of multi-function printers and related products	100	100	100	Note 1
AIO	TECO Image Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Research, technical service, manufacturing and sales of multi-function printers and related products	100	100	100	Note 2
ISI	Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd.	Research, development, manufacturing and sales of multi-function printers and related products	100	100	100	-

The financial statements of the abovementioned subsidiaries- Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd., ISI and Atlas and other subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 have been reviewed by the Company's independent auditors.

Note 1: On August 6, 2014, the Board of Directors resolved for the Company to liquidate and

cease the business of Teco Pro-Systems (JiangXi) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary held by the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Atlas Tech Investment Co., Ltd.. As of August 6, 2021, the liquidation process is still ongoing.

Note 2: On March 15, 2016, the Board of Directors resolved for the Company to liquidate and cease the business of TECO Image Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary held by the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, All-In-One International Co., Ltd.. As of August 6, 2021, the liquidation process is still ongoing.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4)Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars (NTD), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income under "other gains and losses".

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the dates of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period;
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:

- (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
- (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the above criteria and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7)Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.

(8)Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using settlement date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value. The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9)Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is

immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the moving average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads. It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(14) Investments accounted for under the equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for under the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised

- in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
 - D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

(15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalised.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful

lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Machinery and equipment	3~10 years
Mold equipment	3~5 years
Testing equipment	3~5 years
Transportation equipment	6 years
Office equipment	3~5 years
Leasehold improvements	3~5 years
Others	3~5 years

(16) Leasing arrangements (lessee) – right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of the fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost, which consists of the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(17) Intangible assets

Intangible assets mainly refer to computer software and royalty which is stated at cost and amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 1 to 5 years.

(18) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(19) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(20) Notes and accounts payable

A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.

B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(21) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

A. Financial liabilities are classified in this category of held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short-term. Derivatives are also categorised as financial liabilities held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.

B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial liabilities at fair value. All related transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures these financial liabilities at fair value with any gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

(22) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(23) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(24) Provisions

Provisions (including contingent liabilities arising from warranties) for warranty are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(25) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit

obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit net obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.

- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(26) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference

is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets is offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(27) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(28) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(29) Revenue recognition

- A. The Group engages in the manufacture and sale of multi-function printers, fax machines, scanners and related products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers, and either the customers have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or

the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

- B. The sales usually are made with a credit term of 60 days, which is consistent with market practice. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods or service and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- C. The Group's obligation to provide a refund for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- D. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(30) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(31) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

After assessment, the Group's accounting policies have no significant uncertainty.

(2)Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories:

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid innovation of multi-function printers and scanners, the Group may incur losses on decline in market value of these inventories caused by the unexpected decrease in sales revenue and the unusability of the materials for the new products. The Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of inventories was \$183,471.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1)Cash and cash equivalents

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Cash on hand	\$ 464	\$ 476	\$ 486
Checking accounts and demand deposits	<u>227,728</u>	<u>430,275</u>	<u>193,325</u>
	<u>\$ 228,192</u>	<u>\$ 430,751</u>	<u>\$ 193,811</u>

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others.

June 30, 2021			
Contract amount			
Derivative financial assets/liabilities	(Notional principal)	Contract period	
Current items:			
Foreign exchange swap	USD	1,000	2021.05.13~2021.07.19
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2021.05.21~2021.07.26
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2021.05.27~2021.07.28
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2021.06.25~2021.08.30
Foreign exchange swap	USD	1,000	2021.05.31~2021.07.30
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2021.05.06~2021.07.12
Foreign exchange swap	USD	1,000	2021.06.25~2021.08.30

December 31, 2020			
Contract amount			
Derivative financial assets/liabilities	(Notional principal)	Contract period	
Current items:			
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2020.11.23~2021.01.25
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2020.11.27~2021.01.29
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2020.12.25~2021.02.26
Foreign exchange swap	USD	1,000	2020.12.30~2021.02.26
Foreign exchange swap	USD	1,000	2020.12.15~2021.03.17

June 30, 2020			
Contract amount			
Derivative financial assets/liabilities	(Notional principal)	Contract period	
Current items:			
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2020.06.24~2020.08.24
Foreign exchange swap	USD	1,000	2020.06.30~2020.08.31
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2020.06.23~2020.09.23
Foreign exchange swap	USD	2,000	2020.06.29~2020.09.29

C. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged or collateralised.

D. The Group entered into foreign exchange swap to hedge exchange rate risk. However, these

foreign exchange swap contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

E. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(3).

(3)Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	June 30, 2020
Non-current items:			
Equity instruments			
Listed stocks	\$ 1,127,591	\$ 1,042,150	\$ 1,042,150
Unlisted shares	166,217	146,217	146,217
	1,293,808	1,188,367	1,188,367
Valuation adjustment	428,927	64,939	22,758
	\$ 1,722,735	\$ 1,253,306	\$ 1,211,125

A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be steady dividend income as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

B. Aiming to satisfy the financial management, the Group sold \$205,591, \$0, \$205,591 and \$0 of equity instrument investments at fair value during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Stock-settled payments arising from the abovementioned transactions amounted to \$205,591, \$0 and \$0 (shown as other receivables) on June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

C. Amounts recognised in comprehensive income and transferred to retained earnings in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
<u>Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>		
Fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income	\$ 322,832	\$ 120,432
Cumulative gains (losses) reclassified to retained earnings due to derecognition	\$ 153,565	\$ -
	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
<u>Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>		
Fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income	\$ 517,553	(\$ 95,911)
Cumulative gains (losses) reclassified to retained earnings due to derecognition	\$ 153,565	\$ -

Note: Net amount of accumulated gains amounting to \$162,631, less effect from income tax amounting to \$9,066.

- D. Without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group was its carrying amount.
- E. The Group has no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.
- F. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(3).

(4)Notes and accounts receivable

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Accounts receivable	\$ 445,576	\$ 337,902	\$ 228,767
Accounts receivable-related parties	<u>68</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,498</u>
	445,644	337,902	230,265
Less: Loss allowance	(<u>225</u>)	(<u>171</u>)	(<u>116</u>)
	<u>\$ 445,419</u>	<u>\$ 337,731</u>	<u>\$ 230,149</u>

- A. For information on the ageing analysis, related credit risk of notes receivable and accounts receivable, please refer to Note 12(2).
- B. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, notes and accounts receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2020, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$406,078.
- C. The Group did not hold any collateral for abovementioned notes and accounts receivable.

(5)Inventories

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>		
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Allowance for valuation loss</u>	<u>Book value</u>
Raw materials	\$ 187,510	(\$ 24,033)	\$ 163,477
Work in progress	1,407	(36)	1,371
Finished goods	6,898	(1,831)	5,067
Merchandise	<u>17,471</u>	<u>(3,915)</u>	<u>13,556</u>
	<u>\$ 213,286</u>	<u>(\$ 29,815)</u>	<u>\$ 183,471</u>

	December 31, 2020		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 142,393	(\$ 24,823)	\$ 117,570
Work in progress	4,246	(140)	4,106
Finished goods	15,668	(1,635)	14,033
Merchandise	18,115	(4,881)	13,234
Inventory in transit	32	-	32
	<u>\$ 180,454</u>	<u>(\$ 31,479)</u>	<u>\$ 148,975</u>

	June 30, 2020		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 124,512	(\$ 21,055)	\$ 103,457
Work in progress	6,207	(341)	5,866
Finished goods	24,374	(1,882)	22,492
Merchandise	17,130	(2,426)	14,704
	<u>\$ 172,223</u>	<u>(\$ 25,704)</u>	<u>\$ 146,519</u>

A. Abovementioned inventories were not pledged or collateralised.

B. The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Cost of goods sold	\$ 397,351	\$ 207,177
Loss on (gain on reversal of) decline in market value	(2,210)	5,998
(Gain) loss on physical inventory	(1)	2
	<u>\$ 395,140</u>	<u>\$ 213,177</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Cost of goods sold	\$ 771,793	\$ 387,624
Loss on (gain on reversal of) decline in market value	(1,499)	9,692
(Gain) loss on physical inventory	(1)	2
	<u>\$ 770,293</u>	<u>\$ 397,318</u>

Gain on reversal was caused by the decrease in allowance for valuation loss arising from sales of inventories with allowance for valuation loss.

(6) Investments accounted for under the equity method

	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020	
	Amount	Ownership	Amount	Ownership	Amount	Ownership
Associate:						
SOLMAX POWER						
TAIWAN LIMITED	\$ 70,255	35.00%	\$ 70,907	35.00%	\$ 66,814	35.00%

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2021		2020	
	Share of profit (loss) of associate accounted for under the equity method	Other comprehensive profit and loss (before tax)	Share of profit (loss) of associate accounted for under the equity method	Other comprehensive profit and loss (before tax)
Associate:				
SOLMAX POWER TAIWAN LIMITED	\$ 226	\$ -	\$ 910	\$ -

	Six months ended June 30,			
	2021		2020	
	Share of profit (loss) of associate accounted for under the equity method	Other comprehensive profit and loss (before tax)	Share of profit (loss) of associate accounted for under the equity method	Other comprehensive profit and loss (before tax)
Associate:				
SOLMAX POWER TAIWAN LIMITED	(\$ 703)	\$ 51	(\$ 2,052)	\$ -

- A. The Group recognised investments accounted for using equity method and comprehensive income amounting to \$70,255, \$70,907 and \$66,814 as at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020 and \$226, \$910, (\$652) and (\$2,052) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, based on the investees' financial statements reviewed or audited by other independent auditors.
- B. The Group's associate accounted for using equity method were not material to the financial statements based on the Group's individual assessment. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$70,255, \$70,907 and \$66,814, respectively. The Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Profit for the period from continuing operations	\$ 226	\$ 910
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income	<u>\$ 226</u>	<u>\$ 910</u>

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Loss for the period from continuing operations	(\$ 703)	(\$ 2,052)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	<u>51</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive loss	<u>(\$ 652)</u>	<u>(\$ 2,052)</u>

C. The Group's associate has no quoted market price and fair value.

D. The Group did not pledge the abovementioned equity securities to others.

(7) Property, plant and equipment

2021

	<u>Machinery and equipment</u>	<u>Mold equipment</u>	<u>Testing equipment</u>	<u>Transportation equipment</u>	<u>Office equipment</u>	<u>Leasehold improvements</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Owner occupied</u>	<u>Owner occupied</u>	<u>Owner occupied</u>	<u>Owner occupied</u>	<u>Owner occupied</u>	<u>Owner occupied</u>	<u>Owner occupied</u>	
<u>At January 1</u>								
Cost	\$ 19,322	\$ 5,178	\$ 25,686	\$ 900	\$ 35,479	\$ 39,276	\$ 17,052	\$ 142,893
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(5,438)	(4,155)	(24,429)	(900)	(34,308)	(36,334)	(12,154)	(117,718)
	<u>\$ 13,884</u>	<u>\$ 1,023</u>	<u>\$ 1,257</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,171</u>	<u>\$ 2,942</u>	<u>\$ 4,898</u>	<u>\$ 25,175</u>
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$ 13,884	\$ 1,023	\$ 1,257	\$ -	\$ 1,171	\$ 2,942	\$ 4,898	\$ 25,175
Additions	537	-	622	-	1,343	2,334	4,606	9,442
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(50)	-	(50)
Depreciation charge	(1,241)	(223)	(321)	-	(340)	(1,354)	(1,986)	(5,465)
Reclassifications for the period (Note)	174	-	-	-	-	1,668	1,050	2,892
Net exchange differences	(209)	(14)	(5)	-	(12)	(20)	(1)	(261)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	<u>\$ 13,145</u>	<u>\$ 786</u>	<u>\$ 1,553</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,162</u>	<u>\$ 5,520</u>	<u>\$ 8,567</u>	<u>\$ 31,733</u>
<u>At June 30</u>								
Cost	\$ 19,727	\$ 5,144	\$ 18,832	\$ 900	\$ 36,071	\$ 42,277	\$ 22,645	\$ 145,596
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(6,582)	(4,358)	(17,279)	(900)	(33,909)	(36,757)	(14,078)	(113,863)
	<u>\$ 13,145</u>	<u>\$ 786</u>	<u>\$ 1,553</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,162</u>	<u>\$ 5,520</u>	<u>\$ 8,567</u>	<u>\$ 31,733</u>

2020

	Machinery and equipment Owner occupied	Mold equipment Owner occupied	Testing equipment Owner occupied	Transportation equipment Owner occupied	Office equipment Owner occupied	Leasehold improvements Owner occupied	Others Owner occupied	Total
<u>At January 1</u>								
Cost	\$ 9,328	\$ 5,141	\$ 24,839	\$ 900	\$ 35,946	\$ 37,060	\$ 16,967	\$ 130,181
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(3,578)	(3,693)	(24,019)	(900)	(34,268)	(30,827)	(8,796)	(106,081)
	<u>\$ 5,750</u>	<u>\$ 1,448</u>	<u>\$ 820</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,678</u>	<u>\$ 6,233</u>	<u>\$ 8,171</u>	<u>\$ 24,100</u>
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$ 5,750	\$ 1,448	\$ 820	\$ -	\$ 1,678	\$ 6,233	\$ 8,171	\$ 24,100
Additions	2,662	-	-	-	84	-	-	2,746
Depreciation charge	(978)	(219)	(176)	-	(643)	(2,700)	(1,740)	(6,456)
Reclassifications for the period (Note)	7,024	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,024
Net exchange differences	(291)	(35)	(11)	-	(27)	(52)	(6)	(422)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	<u>\$ 14,167</u>	<u>\$ 1,194</u>	<u>\$ 633</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,092</u>	<u>\$ 3,481</u>	<u>\$ 6,425</u>	<u>\$ 26,992</u>
<u>At June 30</u>								
Cost	\$ 18,561	\$ 5,083	\$ 24,807	\$ 900	\$ 35,918	\$ 36,358	\$ 16,951	\$ 138,578
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(4,394)	(3,889)	(24,174)	(900)	(34,826)	(32,877)	(10,526)	(111,586)
	<u>\$ 14,167</u>	<u>\$ 1,194</u>	<u>\$ 633</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,092</u>	<u>\$ 3,481</u>	<u>\$ 6,425</u>	<u>\$ 26,992</u>

Note: Reclassifications for the period were transferred from prepayments for business facilities.

Abovementioned property, plant and equipment were neither pledged nor collateralised and no interest was capitalised.

(8) Leasing arrangements-lessee

A. The Group leases various assets including plants, offices and business vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used for borrowing, subleasing and tenancy disposal right or another way for others using it.

B. The movements of right-of-use assets of the Group are as follows:

	2021		
	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Business vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u>
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$ 23,023	\$ 2,559	\$ 25,582
Additions	10,496	-	10,496
Disposals	- (308) (308)
Depreciation charge	(10,722)	(792)	(11,514)
Net exchange differences	(256)	-	(256)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	<u>\$ 22,541</u>	<u>\$ 1,459</u>	<u>\$ 24,000</u>
	2020		
	<u>Buildings</u>	<u>Business vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u>
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$ 30,264	\$ 4,232	\$ 34,496
Additions	15,524	874	16,398
Depreciation charge	(12,120)	(1,389)	(13,509)
Net exchange differences	(666)	-	(666)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	<u>\$ 33,002</u>	<u>\$ 3,717</u>	<u>\$ 36,719</u>

C. The information on income and expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
<u>Item affecting profit or loss</u>		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 71	\$ 109
Expense on short-term lease contracts	<u>1,212</u>	<u>1,390</u>
	<u>\$ 1,283</u>	<u>\$ 1,499</u>

<u>Item affecting profit or loss</u>	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 158	\$ 229
Expense on short-term lease contracts	2,465	2,874
Loss (gain) on lease modification	(2)	-
	<u>\$ 2,621</u>	<u>\$ 3,103</u>

D. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, apart from cash outflow for interest expense on lease liabilities and expense on short-term lease contracts mentioned in Note 6(8)C., the Group's total cash outflow for repayments of the principal portion of lease liabilities was \$10,395 and \$7,459, respectively.

E. Extension and termination options

In determining the lease term, the Group takes into consideration all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive. The assessment of lease period is reviewed if a significant event occurs which affects the assessment.

(9) Short-term borrowings

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	<u>\$ 150,000</u>	0.95%~1.00%	None

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	<u>\$ 150,000</u>	1.00%	None

<u>Type of borrowings</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Interest rate range</u>	<u>Collateral</u>
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	<u>\$ 150,000</u>	1.05%	None

For the details of interest expense recognised in profit or loss, please refer to Note 6(17).

(10) Other payables

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Salaries and bonuses payable	\$ 49,781	\$ 70,185	\$ 91,421
Dividends payable	-	-	49,516
Service charge payable	6,736	8,393	11,345
Research and development expense payable	5,179	4,326	4,109
Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration	2,342	460	6,397
Others	38,038	32,877	36,180
	<u>\$ 102,076</u>	<u>\$ 116,241</u>	<u>\$ 198,968</u>

(11) Pensions

A. Defined benefit pension plans

- (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is insufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contributions to cover the deficit by next March.
- (b) For the aforementioned pension plan, the Company recognised pension costs of \$99, \$156, \$198 and \$314 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2022 amount to \$1,760.

B. Defined contribution pension plan

- (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the “New Plan”) under the Labor Pension Act (the “Act”), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees’ monthly salaries and wages to the employees’ individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b) The Company’s consolidated subsidiaries, Atlas, AIO and ISI do not have employee retirement plans and there is no requirement according to local regulations. TECO Image Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd. and Teco Pro-Systems (JiangXi) Co., Ltd. have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with local regulations are based on certain percentage of employees’ monthly salaries and wages. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
- (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, were \$2,104, \$1,101, \$4,286 and \$2,841, respectively.

(12) Provisions

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
At January 1	\$ 23,117	\$ 23,107
Additional of provisions	63	64
Used during the period	(10)	(31)
At June 30	<u>\$ 23,170</u>	<u>\$ 23,140</u>

Analysis of total provisions:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Current-product warranty	<u>\$ 23,170</u>	<u>\$ 23,117</u>	<u>\$ 23,140</u>

The Group provides warranties on multi-function printers sold. Provision for product warranty is estimated based on history warranty data of multi-function printers. It is expected that provision for product warranty will be used in the following years.

(13) Share capital

- A. As of June 30, 2021, the Company’s authorised capital was \$2,500,000, consisting of 250 million shares of ordinary stock, and the paid-in capital was \$1,125,365 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

B. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the period was consistent with the number at the end of the period which amounted to 112,536,565 shares.

(14) Retained earnings

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order: (a) Pay all taxes; (b) Offset prior years' losses; (c) Set aside 10% as legal reserve; (d) Set aside special reserve in accordance with the regulations or resolutions approved by the competent authority or the shareholders; and (e) The remainder along with the beginning unappropriated earnings and reversal of special reserve is the shareholders' accumulated distributable earnings. The appropriation of the accumulated distributable earnings shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and resolved by the shareholders as the shareholders' bonus.

B. The Company's dividends policy is summarised below: The Company operates in a steady growth environment with investment made in developing business. In consideration of possible plant expansion and investment, the residual dividend policy is adopted. Cash dividends shall account for at least 5% of the total dividends distributed.

C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

E. Appropriation of the Company's earnings is as follows:

Details of appropriation of 2020 and 2019 earnings as resolved by the shareholders on July 19, 2021 and June 24, 2020, respectively, are as follows:

	Years ended December 31,			
	2020		2019	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve appropriated	\$ -		\$ 4,958	
Reversal of special reserve appropriated	-		(19,774)	
Cash dividends	11,254	0.10	49,516	0.44
	<u>\$ 11,254</u>		<u>\$ 34,700</u>	

(15) Operating revenue

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines and geographical regions:

	Revenue from sale of multi-function printer		Other sales		Total
	Mainland China and Hong Kong	Taiwan and others	Mainland China and Hong Kong	Japan and others	
	<u>Three months ended June 30, 2021</u>				
Revenue from customer contracts	<u>\$ 428,447</u>	<u>\$ 10,018</u>	<u>\$ 3,465</u>	<u>\$ 38,936</u>	<u>\$ 480,866</u>
	Revenue from sale of multi-function printer		Other sales		Total
	Mainland China and Hong Kong	Taiwan and others	Mainland China and Hong Kong	Japan and others	
	<u>Three months ended June 30, 2020</u>				
Revenue from customer contracts	<u>\$ 236,226</u>	<u>\$ 3,949</u>	<u>\$ 1,629</u>	<u>\$ 28,850</u>	<u>\$ 270,654</u>
	Revenue from sale of multi-function printer		Other sales		Total
	Mainland China and Hong Kong	Taiwan and others	Mainland China and Hong Kong	Japan and others	
	<u>Six months ended June 30, 2021</u>				
Revenue from customer contracts	<u>\$ 844,880</u>	<u>\$ 18,359</u>	<u>\$ 4,364</u>	<u>\$ 66,033</u>	<u>\$ 933,636</u>
	Revenue from sale of multi-function printer		Other sales		Total
	Mainland China and Hong Kong	Taiwan and others	Mainland China and Hong Kong	Japan and others	
	<u>Six months ended June 30, 2020</u>				
Revenue from customer contracts	<u>\$ 422,605</u>	<u>\$ 20,054</u>	<u>\$ 2,584</u>	<u>\$ 42,759</u>	<u>\$ 488,002</u>

B. Contract liabilities

(a) The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>January 1, 2020</u>
Contract liabilities-sales revenue and other sales	\$ 38,949	\$ 31,743	\$ 37,352	\$ 70,344

(b) For the three months ended and six months June 30, 2021 and 2020, revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period was \$8,585, \$32,586, \$9,315 and \$48,414, respectively.

(16) Other gains and losses

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Net gains on financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 6,073	\$ 20,687
Net currency exchange loss or gain	(9,735)	(5,977)
Others	(138)	(43)
	<u>(\$ 3,800)</u>	<u>\$ 14,667</u>
	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Net gains on financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	4,162	18,134
Net currency exchange loss or gain	(7,091)	(3,074)
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment	(50)	-
Others	(200)	(94)
	<u>(\$ 3,179)</u>	<u>\$ 14,966</u>

(17) Finance costs

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Interest expense:		
Bank borrowings	\$ 736	\$ 817
Lease liabilities	71	109
	<u>\$ 807</u>	<u>\$ 926</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Interest expense:		
Bank borrowings	\$ 1,196	\$ 817
Lease liabilities	158	229
	<u>\$ 1,354</u>	<u>\$ 1,046</u>

(18) Expenses by nature

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Employee benefit expenses	\$ 67,486	\$ 62,294
Depreciation charges on property, plant, equipment and right-of-use assets	\$ 8,662	\$ 9,571
Amortisation charges on intangible assets and deferred accounts	\$ 754	\$ 1,423

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Employee benefit expenses	\$ 134,892	\$ 127,290
Depreciation charges on property, plant, equipment and right-of-use assets	\$ 16,979	\$ 19,965
Amortisation charges on intangible assets and deferred accounts	\$ 1,755	\$ 2,950

(19) Employee benefit expenses

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Wages and salaries	\$ 56,132	\$ 53,939
Labour and health insurance fees	2,661	2,677
Pension costs	2,203	1,257
Directors' remuneration	2,074	1,470
Others	4,416	2,951
	<u>\$ 67,486</u>	<u>\$ 62,294</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Wages and salaries	\$ 112,230	\$ 109,712
Labour and health insurance fees	6,039	5,506
Pension costs	4,484	3,155
Directors' remuneration	4,202	2,895
Others	7,937	6,022
	<u>\$ 134,892</u>	<u>\$ 127,290</u>

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 5%~15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 5% for directors' remuneration.

B. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, employees' compensation was accrued at \$553, \$0, \$1,231 and \$0, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$293, \$0, \$651 and \$0, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021, the employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 7% and 3.7% of distributable profit of current year as of the end of reporting period.

On March 17, 2021, employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2020 amounting to \$301 and \$159, respectively, as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2020 financial statements. For the year ended December 31, 2020, employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash, but has not yet been distributed.

C. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(20) Income tax

A. Income tax (benefit) expense

(a) Components of income tax (benefit) expense:

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current tax:		
Current income tax assets	\$ 2,887	\$ 122
Current income tax liabilities	8,445	621
Receivables on receipts from income tax in prior years that have not yet been received	(2,887)	-
Payables on payments from income tax in prior years that have not yet been paid	621	-
Offshore income tax expenses	770	396
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	-	(743)
Current tax on profits for the period	9,836	396
Prior year income tax (over) under estimation	(268)	1,067
Total current tax	<u>9,568</u>	<u>1,463</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(198)	(2,618)
Others:		
The income tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive income	(9,066)	-
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	-	743
	<u>(9,066)</u>	<u>743</u>
Income tax (benefit) expense	<u>\$ 304</u>	<u>(\$ 412)</u>

	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current tax:		
Current income tax assets	\$ -	(\$ 3,144)
Current income tax liabilities	9,066	621
Receivables on receipts from income tax in prior years that have not yet been received	-	3,144
Withholding and provisional tax	-	122
Offshore income tax expenses	1,576	1,724
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	-	(743)
Current tax on profits for the period	<u>10,642</u>	<u>1,724</u>
Prior year income tax (over) under estimation	(268)	<u>1,067</u>
Total current tax	<u>10,374</u>	<u>2,791</u>
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	<u>1,478</u>	(229)
Others:		
The income tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive income	(9,066)	-
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings	-	743
	<u>(9,066)</u>	<u>743</u>
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 2,786</u>	<u>\$ 3,305</u>

(b) The Group did not have income tax charged/(credited) to equity. The income tax benefit (expense) relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	<u>\$ 9,066</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	<u>\$ 9,066</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2019 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(22) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$ 9,442	\$ 2,746
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment	310	-
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(2,015)	(721)
Cash paid during the period	<u>\$ 7,737</u>	<u>\$ 2,025</u>

B. Financing activities with no cash flow effects:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Cash dividends declared but yet to be paid	\$ -	\$ 49,516

C. Investing activities with no cash flow effects:

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Stock-settled payments shown as other receivables	<u>\$ 205,591</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

(23) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Short-term borrowings	Dividend payable (Shown in other payables)	Lease liabilities
At January 1, 2021	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ 25,833
Proceeds from debt	130,000	-	-
Repayments of debt	(130,000)	-	-
Increase in lease liabilities	-	-	10,496
Early termination of lease contract	-	-	(310)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	-	-	(10,395)
Lease liabilities transferred to other payables	-	-	(1,133)
Net exchange differences	-	-	(257)
At June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 150,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 24,234</u>

	Short-term borrowings	Dividend payable (Shown in other payables)	Lease liabilities
At January 1, 2020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,679
Declaration of dividend	-	49,516	-
Proceeds from debt	250,000	-	-
Repayments of debt	(100,000)	-	-
Increase in lease liabilities	-	-	16,398
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	-	-	(7,459)
Lease liabilities transferred to other payables	-	-	(5,991)
Net exchange differences	-	-	(670)
At June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 150,000</u>	<u>\$ 49,516</u>	<u>\$ 36,957</u>

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Names and relationship of related parties

<u>Names of related parties</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
SOLMAX POWER TAIWAN LIMITED	Associates
Koryo Electronics CO., Ltd.	Substantive related party
Creative Sensor Inc.	Common chairman
TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	This company's director and the Company's chairman are within first degree of kinship
Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.	This company's director and the Company's chairman are within first degree of kinship
Tong An Assets Management & Development Co., Ltd.	The chairman of the securities holding company and the Company's chairman are within first degree of kinship
Multilite International Co., Ltd.	Common chairman (Note 3)
Lien Chang Electronic Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Common chairman (Note 1)
KROM ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	This company is a corporate director of the Company (Note 2)
ROYAL HOST TAIWAN CO., LTD.	The chairman of the securities holding company and the Company's chairman are within first degree of kinship
KUANG YUAN CO., LTD.	Common chairman (Note 4)

<u>Names of related parties</u>	<u>Relationship with the Group</u>
AN-SHIN FOOD SERVICES CO., LTD.	This company's director and the Company's chairman are within first degree of kinship
All directors, president and key management	The Group's key management and governing body

Note 1: On March 22, 2021, the chairman of the Company resigned as the chairman of this company. This company was no longer a related party of the Group since the resignation date.

Note 2: On March 18, 2021, this company transferred more than one half of the Company's shares being held by this company at the time it was elected, and thus, this company shall, ipso facto, be discharged as a corporate director and was no longer a related party of the Group since the discharge date.

Note 3: On May 24, 2021, the chairman of the Company resigned as the chairman of this company. This company was no longer a related party of the Group since the resignation date.

Note 4: On June 2, 2021, the chairman of the Company resigned as the chairman of this company. This company was no longer a related party of the Group since the resignation date.

(2) Significant related party transactions and balances

A. Sales

The amount of sales transactions between the Group and the related parties are not disclosed since it is not significant and did not reach \$3,000.

B. Purchases

(a) Purchases

The details of purchases with relevant discounts from the related parties are as follows:

	<u>Three months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ -	\$ -
Other related parties	53	-
	<u>\$ 53</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
	<u>Six months ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ 208	\$ -
Other related parties	1,991	5,635
	<u>\$ 2,199</u>	<u>\$ 5,635</u>

Goods are purchased from associates on normal commercial terms and conditions. The terms are approximately the same as those to third-party suppliers which is from 30 days after the purchase to 105 days after monthly billing while to related parties is 45 days to 105 days after monthly billing.

(b) Payables

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ -	\$ 52	\$ -
Other related parties	<u>54</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,581</u>
	<u>\$ 54</u>	<u>\$ 52</u>	<u>\$ 5,581</u>

C. Investment

Prepayments

On June 2, 2020, the Group entered into a letter of intent and investment transaction with SOLMAX POWER TAIWAN LIMITED to discuss the investment that the Group participated in. The Group had prepaid \$10,000 to SOLMAX POWER TAIWAN LIMITED in the second quarter of 2020. The prepayment was fully returned after the Group's assessment of not intending to invest in the first quarter of 2021. The prepayments from the transaction mentioned above is as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
SOLMAX POWER TAIWAN LIMITED	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>

D. Property transactions - Acquisition of financial assets

For the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020: None.

For the six months ended June 30, 2020: None.

<u>Six months ended June 30, 2021</u>			
	<u>Accounts</u>	<u>No. of shares</u>	<u>Objects</u>
LIEN CHANG ELECTRONIC ENTERPRISE CO., LTD	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non - current	4,173,000	Stocks of TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.
			<u>\$ 128,401</u>

The transaction was traded through after-hours trading. The transaction price was the closing price on the trading day.

E. Leasing arrangements-lessee

(a) Acquisition of right-of-use assets

The acquisition of right-of-use assets from other related parties for the six months ended June

30, 2021 and 2020 above is as follows:

For the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020: None.

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Tong An Assets Management & Development Co., Ltd.	\$ 9,594	\$ 9,590
Entities with significant influence to the Group	-	874
Other related parties	-	901
	<u>\$ 9,594</u>	<u>\$ 11,365</u>

(b) Lease liabilities/Other payables/Finance costs

i. The Group's lease liabilities and other payables generated from lease transactions:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Tong An Assets Management & Development Co., Ltd.	\$ 4,809	\$ -	\$ 9,589
Entities with significant influence to the Group	-	743	874
Other related parties	-	656	1,201
	<u>\$ 4,809</u>	<u>\$ 1,399</u>	<u>\$ 11,664</u>

ii. The Group's interest expense generated from lease transactions:

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ -	\$ 2
Other related parties	14	20
	<u>\$ 14</u>	<u>\$ 22</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ -	\$ 4
Other related parties	36	47
	<u>\$ 36</u>	<u>\$ 51</u>

E. Transaction of payment on behalf of others/other payables

The amounts of advance money (shown as other payables) in relation to other transactions from the entities with the related parties are as follows:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Entities with significant influence to the Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 109
Other related parties	3,774	1,191	1,102
	<u>\$ 3,774</u>	<u>\$ 1,191</u>	<u>\$ 1,211</u>

(3)Key management compensation

	Three months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 8,256	\$ 9,414
Post-employment benefits	130	162
	<u>\$ 8,386</u>	<u>\$ 9,576</u>

	Six months ended June 30,	
	2021	2020
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 14,241	\$ 20,835
Post-employment benefits	239	300
	<u>\$ 14,480</u>	<u>\$ 21,135</u>

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

None.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

A. Significant contingent liabilities

None.

B. Significant unrecognised contract commitments

(1) As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the amounts of the promissory notes issued by the Group for borrowings were \$580,152, \$380,152 and \$380,152, respectively.

(2) The Group is required to purchase goods and is guaranteed by the bank for customs accounting. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the amount was all \$1,500.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The appropriation of 2020 earnings had been resolved at the shareholders' meeting on July 19, 2021. Refer to Note 6(14) for details.

12. OTHERS

(1)Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital

structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt to assets ratio. This ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total assets.

During 2021, the Group's strategy was unchanged from 2020. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group's debt to assets ratio was 26%, 28% and 29%, respectively.

(2) Financial risk of financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current			
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$ 125	\$ -	\$ 267,500
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current			
Designation of equity instruments	1,722,735	1,253,306	1,211,125
Financial assets at amortised cost			
Cash and cash equivalents	228,192	430,751	193,811
Accounts receivable, net	445,351	337,731	228,652
Accounts receivable-related parties, net	68	-	1,497
Other receivables	207,251	7,741	6,247
Other non-current assets			
-guarantee deposits paid	2,818	2,720	4,104
	<u>\$ 2,606,540</u>	<u>\$ 2,032,249</u>	<u>\$ 1,912,936</u>
	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss-current			
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss	\$ -	\$ 1,288	\$ 670
Financial liabilities at amortised cost			
Short-term borrowings	150,000	150,000	150,000
Accounts payable	395,209	298,063	189,455
Accounts payable-related parties	54	52	5,581
Other payables	102,076	116,241	198,968
	<u>\$ 647,339</u>	<u>\$ 565,644</u>	<u>\$ 544,674</u>
Lease liabilities-current	<u>\$ 17,530</u>	<u>\$ 12,965</u>	<u>\$ 18,531</u>
Lease liabilities-non-current	<u>\$ 6,704</u>	<u>\$ 12,868</u>	<u>\$ 18,426</u>

B. Risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and foreign currency option contracts are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- (c) Information about derivative financial instruments that are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk are provided in Note 6(2).

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries denominated in various functional currencies, primarily with respect to the USD. Exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Cross currency swap are adopted to minimise the volatility of the exchange rate affecting cost of forecast inventory purchases.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using cross currency swap. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's and certain subsidiaries' functional currency: NTD; other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB and HKD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

June 30, 2021			
Foreign currency	amount	Exchange rate	Book value
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	(In thousands)		(NTD)
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	24,500	27.8600	\$ 682,570
USD : RMB	12,055	6.4601	335,852
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	16,010	27.8600	446,039
USD : RMB	11,324	6.4601	315,487
December 31, 2020			
Foreign currency	amount	Exchange rate	Book value
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	(In thousands)		(NTD)
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	22,076	28.4800	\$ 628,724
USD : RMB	10,828	6.5249	308,381
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	13,931	28.4800	396,755
USD : RMB	9,420	6.5249	268,282
June 30, 2020			
Foreign currency	amount	Exchange rate	Book value
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	(In thousands)		(NTD)
<u>Financial assets</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	14,678	29.6300	\$ 434,909
USD : RMB	7,950	7.0795	235,559
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
<u>Monetary items</u>			
USD : NTD	9,455	29.6300	280,152
USD : RMB	7,480	7.0795	221,632

- v. Total exchange (loss) gain, including realised and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, amounted to (\$9,735),(\$5,977),(\$7,091) and (\$3,074), respectively.

vi. Analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation:

Six months ended June 30, 2021				
Sensitivity analysis				
	Degree of variation		Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income (loss)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	\$	6,826	\$ -
USD : RMB	1%		3,359	-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	(4,460)	-
USD : RMB	1%	(3,155)	-
Six months ended June 30, 2020				
Sensitivity analysis				
	Degree of variation		Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income (loss)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
<u>Financial assets</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	\$	4,349	\$ -
USD : RMB	1%		2,356	-
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
<u>Monetary items</u>				
USD : NTD	1%	(2,802)	-
USD : RMB	1%	(2,216)	-

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and available-for-sale financial assets. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. Shares and beneficiary certificates issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities and beneficiary certificates had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, pre-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 would have increased/decreased by \$0 and \$2,500, respectively, as a result

of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$17,227 and \$12,111 respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. Various scenarios are simulated taking into consideration refinancing, renewal of existing positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on these scenarios, the Group calculates the impact on profit and loss of a defined interest rate shift. The scenarios are run only for liabilities that represent the major interest-bearing positions at specified intervals to verify that the maximum loss potential is within the limit given by the management.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit, pre-tax for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 would have increased/decreased by \$750 and \$750, respectively.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire Group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition. If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- v. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable, contract assets and rents receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer, credit risk on trade and customer types. The Group applies the simplified approach using loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.

- vi. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- vii. Customers that are grouped as good customers have no significant default record in recent years. However, in accordance with IFRS 9, when measuring expected credit loss, the possibility of default should be taken into consideration even when the possibility of credit loss is remote.

The Group estimated forecast index before adjustment by the default rate in the past years using each consolidated entity as a unit. The Group considered that in the financial industry, the default rate should not be lower than 0.03% for numerous and unidentifiable individual investors. However, in accordance with the policy, the Group traces the credit risk of customers at any time, the Group refers to the reference rate set by the financial industry as a basis of forecast adjustment, and adjusts the expected loss rate referring to monitoring indicator and the nature of risk. The loss rate methodology is as follows:

	Without past due	Up to 30 days	Up to 60 days	Up to 90 days	Over 90 days	Total
At June 30, 2021						
Expected loss rate	0.050%	0.053%	0.056%	0.065%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 445,513	\$ 61	\$ 9	\$ 61	\$ -	\$ 445,644
Loss allowance	\$ 225	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 225
At December 31, 2020						
Expected loss rate	0.050%	0.053%	0.056%	0.065%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 337,021	\$ 881	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 337,902
Loss allowance	\$ 171	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 171
At June 30, 2020						
Expected loss rate	0.050%	0.053%	0.056%	0.065%	100%	
Total book value	\$ 229,676	\$ 587	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 230,265
Loss allowance	\$ 116	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 116

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- viii. Movements in relation to the group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	2021		
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Total
At January 1	\$ 171	\$ -	\$ 171
Provision of expected credit loss (gain)	54	-	54
At June 30	<u>\$ 225</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 225</u>

	2020		
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Total
At January 1	\$ 125	\$ -	\$ 125
Provision of expected credit loss (gain)	(9)	-	(9)
At June 30	<u>\$ 116</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 116</u>

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and marketable securities.
- iii. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>June 30, 2020</u>
Floating rate			
Expiring within one year	<u>\$ 350,000</u>	<u>\$ 350,000</u>	<u>\$ 250,000</u>

- iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings, except for the table below they are all financial liabilities due for repayment within one year. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

<u>June 30, 2021</u>	Between 3			<u>Total</u>
	<u>Less than 3 months</u>	<u>months and 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>				
Lease liabilities-current/non-current	\$ 5,810	\$ 11,867	\$ 6,722	\$ 24,399

<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>Less than 3 months</u>	<u>Between 3 months and 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>				
Lease liabilities-current/non-current	\$ 3,346	\$ 9,812	\$ 12,939	\$ 26,097

<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Less than 3 months</u>	<u>Between 3 months and 1 year</u>	<u>Over 1 year</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Non-derivative financial liabilities</u>				
Lease liabilities-current/non-current	\$ 6,267	\$ 12,995	\$ 18,564	\$ 37,826

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks and beneficiary certificates is included in Level 1.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in derivatives is included in Level 2.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in unlisted stocks is included in Level 3.

B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, other noncurrent assets (guarantee deposits paid), accounts payable, accounts payable-related parties and other payables are approximate to their fair values.

C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

(a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

<u>June 30, 2021</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Beneficiary certificates	\$ -	\$ 125	\$ -	\$ 125
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- Equity Securities	<u>1,532,050</u>	<u>182,685</u>	<u>8,000</u>	<u>1,722,735</u>
	<u>\$ 1,532,050</u>	<u>\$ 182,810</u>	<u>\$ 8,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,722,860</u>
<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- Equity Securities	<u>\$ 1,123,741</u>	<u>\$ 121,565</u>	<u>\$ 8,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,253,306</u>
Liabilities				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Non-hedging derivatives	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,288</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,288</u>
<u>June 30, 2020</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets				
<u>Recurring fair value measurements</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Beneficiary certificates	\$ 267,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267,500
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- Equity Securities	<u>1,101,220</u>	<u>101,905</u>	<u>8,000</u>	<u>1,211,125</u>
	<u>\$ 1,368,720</u>	<u>\$ 101,905</u>	<u>\$ 8,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,478,625</u>

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

- i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:
 - (i) The fair value of listed shares is the closing price at the balance sheet date.
 - (ii) The fair value of beneficiary certificates is the net asset value at the balance sheet date.
- ii. Except for financial instruments with active markets, the fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date. The output of

valuation model is an estimated value and the valuation technique may not be able to capture all relevant factors of the Group's financial and non-financial instruments.

iii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts, foreign exchange swap contracts and options, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.

iv. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.

D. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

E. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	<u>Non-derivative equity instrument</u>	<u>Non-derivative equity instrument</u>
At January 1	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000
Gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive income	-	-
At June 30	<u>\$ 8,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,000</u>

F. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer into or out from Level 3.

G. Financial function is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the source of information is independent, reliable and in line with other sources and represented as the exercisable price.

H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

June 30, 2021

	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 8,000	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	-	Net asset value	N/A	-	N/A

December 31, 2020

	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 8,000	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Unlisted shares	-	Net asset value	N/A	-	N/A

June 30, 2020

	<u>Fair value</u>	<u>Valuation technique</u>	<u>Significant unobservable input</u>	<u>Range (weighted average)</u>	<u>Relationship of inputs to fair value</u>
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 8,000	Net asset value	N/A	-	N/A

I. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, there was no significant effect on other comprehensive income categorised within Level 3 if the net assets had increased/decreased by 0.1%.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

A. Loans to others: None.

B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: None.

C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates

and joint ventures): Please refer to table 1.

- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 2.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 3.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Notes 6(2) and 12(3).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 4.

(2)Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 5.

(3)Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 6.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 7.

(4)Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 8.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1)General information

The Group operates business only in a single industry. The Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who allocates resources and assesses performance of the Group as a whole, has identified that the Group has only one reportable operating segment.

(2)Measurement of segment information

The profit or loss of the Group's operation segments is measured by profit before tax and on which the performance is assessed.

(3)Information about segment profit or loss and assets and liabilities

In addition, the accounting policies and accounting estimates adopted by reportable segments are consistent with the summary of significant accounting policies in Note 4 and critical accounting estimates and assumption mentioned in Note 5.

(4)Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

- A. The Group has only one reportable operating segment, the revenue from external customers provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. No reconciliation is needed as the Group's reportable segments income (loss) is equal to the income (loss) before tax.
- B. The Group has only one reportable operating segment, the amounts provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker with respect to total assets and total liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the balance sheets. No reconciliation is needed as the Group's assets and total liabilities of reportable segments are equal to total assets and total liabilities.

Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries
Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)
Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Securities held by	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General ledger account	As of June 30, 2021				
				Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd.	Domestic listed common stock -Creative Sensor Inc.	Associates	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	21,928,260	\$ 626,052	17.26	\$ 626,052	-
"	Domestic listed common stock -Koryo Electronics Co., Ltd.	"	"	9,994,000	240,356	19.29	240,356	-
"	Domestic listed common stock -TECO ELECTRIC & MACHINERY CO., LTD.	"	"	18,873,000	626,583	0.88	626,583	-
"	Domestic non-listed common stock -International United Technology Co., Ltd.	None	"	159,335	-	0.97	-	-
"	Domestic non-listed common stock -KROM ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.	"	"	622,408	8,000	1.86	8,000	-
"	Foreign non-listed common stock -Convergence Tech Venture II Ltd.	"	"	420,000	-	5.71	-	-
"	Domestic listed common stock -Taiwan Pelican Express Co., Ltd.	Associates	"	281,000	39,059	0.29	39,059	-
"	Domestic non-listed common stock -ProMOS TECHNOLOGIES	None	"	5,500,000	115,335	12.22	115,335	-
"	Domestic non-listed common stock -Darbe II Venture	"	"	5,000,000	47,350	7.14	47,350	-
"	Domestic non-listed common stock -Tien Da Investment Co., Ltd	"	"	2,000,000	20,000	5.61	20,000	-
			Total		<u>\$ 1,722,735</u>		<u>\$ 1,722,735</u>	

Note: The fair value of listed stocks is based on the closing price at the end of the year; the unlisted stocks are measured at fair value.

Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries
Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Purchaser / seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Transaction				Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes / accounts receivable (payable)		Footnote
			Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes / accounts receivable (payable)	
Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd.	Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co.,Ltd	Subsidiary	Processing cost	\$ 511,171	52%	60 days after next monthly billings	NA	NA	(\$ 289,617)	(72%)	-
Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd.	Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	Processing sales	(511,171)	(99%)	60 days after next monthly billings	NA	NA	289,617	100%	-

Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries
 Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more
 Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at June 30, 2021	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd.	Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd.	Parent Company	\$ 289,617	3.91	\$ -	Not applicable	\$ 109,750	\$ -

Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries
 Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period
 Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 2)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 1)	Transaction			Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
				General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	
0	Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd.	Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd.	Parent company to subsidiary	Cost of sales	\$ 511,171	In accordance with the agreement between the parties	55%
0	"	Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd.	Parent company to subsidiary	Accounts payable	289,617	60 days after monthly billings	10%

Note 1: Individual transactions not reaching \$10,000 and the corresponding transactions of transactions disclosed by presenting parent company's transactions will not be disclosed.

Note 2: Parent company is '0'.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on year-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries
Information on investees
Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount		Shares held as at June 30, 2021			Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2021	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2021	Footnote
				Balance as at June 30, 2021	Balance as at December 31, 2020	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value			
Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd.	Atlas Tech Investment Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Professional investment company	\$ 196,096	\$ 196,096	6,248,313	100	\$ 119,621	(\$ 4,402)	(\$ 4,402)	Subsidiary
"	SOLMAX POWER TAIWAN LITMITED	R.O.C	Renewable energy-based electricity generation	70,000	70,000	7,000,000	35	70,255	(2,009)	(703)	Associate
Atlas Tech Investment Co., Ltd.	All-In-One International Co., Ltd.	Samoa	Professional investment company	83,648	83,648	2,410,000	100	7,455	(3)	-	Sub-subsidiary (Note)
"	Image System International Limited	"	"	148,304	148,304	4,812,423	100	94,416	(5,299)	-	Sub-subsidiary (Note)

Note : The investment income was recognized by a subsidiary company.

Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries
Information on investments in Mainland China
Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD
(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China / Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six months ended June 30, 2021		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2021	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2021	Net income (loss) of investee for the six months ended June 30, 2021	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2021 (Note 2)	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of June 30, 2021	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2021	Footnote
				Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan								
TECO Image Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Research, technical service, manufacturing and sales of multi-function printers and related products	\$ 81,528	2	\$ 81,528	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,528	\$ -	100	\$ -	\$ 7,355	\$ -	Note 5
Teco Pro-Systems (JiangXi) Co., Ltd.	Research, development, manufacturing and sales of multi-function printers and related products	32,710	2	32,710	-	-	32,710	902	100	902	17,695	-	Note 4
Teco Image Systems (Dong Guan) Co., Ltd.	Research, development, manufacturing and sales of multi-function printers and related products	88,647	2	88,647	-	-	88,647	(5,298)	100	(5,298)	94,407	-	Note 3

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Others

Note 2: The financial statements were reviewed by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

Note 3: On December 25, 2012, the Board of Directors resolved for the Company to establish Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd. in Mainland Area through Image Systems International Limited, the subsidiary is wholly-owned by Atlas Tech Investment Co., Ltd. The shareholding ratio was 100% and the total investment amount was USD3,000 thousand. The registration for the establishment of the investee company had been completed in January 2013.

Note 4: On August 6, 2014, the Board of Directors resolved for the Company to liquidate and cease the business of Teco Pro-Systems (JiangXi) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary held by the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Atlas Tech Investment Co., Ltd. As of August 6, 2021, the liquidation process is still ongoing.

Note 5: On March 15, 2016, the Board of Directors resolved for the Company to liquidate and cease the business of TECO Image Systems (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary held by the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, All-In-One International Co., Ltd. As of August 6, 2021, the liquidation process is still ongoing.

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2021	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) (Note 6)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA (Note 7)
Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd.	\$ 202,885	\$ 231,906	\$ 1,337,797

Note 6: As of June 30, 2021, ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA amounted to US\$7.4 million.

Note 7: The limitation is \$80,000 or 60% of net worth.

Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries
 Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area
 Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD
 (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Processing cost		Property transaction		Accounts receivable (payable)		Provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals		Financing				Others
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Balance at June 30, 2021	%	Balance at June 30, 2021	Purpose	Maximum balance during the six months ended June 30, 2021	Balance at June 30, 2021	Interest rate	Interest during the six months ended June 30, 2021	
Teco Image Systems (DongGuan) Co., Ltd.	(\$ 511,171)	(52)	\$ -	-	(\$ 289,617)	(72)	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-

Teco Image Systems Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries

Major shareholders information

June 30, 2021

Table 8

Name of major shareholders	Shares		Ownership (%)
	No. of shares held (common shares)	No. of shares held (preference shares)	
Creative Sensor Inc.	11,996,000	-	10.65%
Tong-An Investment Co., Ltd.	9,196,501	-	8.17%
Tien Da Investment Co., Ltd	7,632,477	-	6.78%
Koryo Electronic Co., Ltd.	6,982,000	-	6.20%
Teco International Investment Co., Ltd.	6,377,052	-	5.66%

Note 1: The major shareholders information was from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of a different calculation basis.

Note 2: If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept at the trust by the shareholders, the data disclosed was the settlor's separate account for the fund set by the trustee.

As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio greater than 10% in accordance with Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio including the self-owned shares and trusted shares, at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. For the information of reported share equity of insider, please refer to Market Observation Post System.